## PROBLEMS FOR OCTOBER'09 DUE NOVEMBER 15

## 1. Pythagorus Modified

A common algebra mistake takes the form $(a+b)^{2}=a^{2}+b^{2}$.
For example, claiming $(2+3)^{2}=2^{2}+3^{2}$ is clearly a mistake.
Note, however, that $(2+3)^{2}=(2+1)^{2}+(3+1)^{2}$.
Determine all values for $m$ and $n$ such that

$$
(m+n)^{2}=(m+1)^{2}+(n+1)^{2} .
$$

## 2. Averaging Digits

(i) How many four-digit numbers are composed of four distinct digits (no leading 0s), such that one digit is the average of the other three?

Examples: 3621 ( 3 is the average of 6,2 , and 1 )
5210 ( 2 is the average of 5,1 , and 0 )
(ii) How many such four-digit numbers with repeated digits are possible?

Copies available below! Feel free to take one! You can also find a copy at the Math Club website at http://faculty.randolphcollege.edu/ykurt/mathclub/mathclub.htm.

